ROGUE VALLEY ECONOMIC AND WORKFORCE UPDATE

ROGUE VALLEY WORKFORCE INVESTMENT BOARD MEETING 8-1-25



HAVE YOU BEEN ASKED TO PARTICIPATE IN A BUREAU OF LABOR STATISTICS (BLS) SURVEY? *PLEASE DO!*

BLS survey information is gathered to create data for businesses, jobseekers, workers and policy-makers about the economy including:

| Employment* | Unemployment* | Occupational Wages* |
|-----------------------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------|
| Job vacancies* | Productivity | Occupational Employment* |
| Consumer spending patterns | Workplace injuries | Compensation |
| Long-term employment projections* | Employer-provided benefits | Price movements |

^{*} Collected and produced by Oregon Employment Department

Your response is vital to ensuring accurate, complete, and unbiased data that is representative of the people and businesses in Oregon and the United States.

Your confidential responses are protected by federal and state law and strict security policies that prohibit us from releasing any information that could reveal the identity of you or your business without your consent.



CENSUS BUREAU INDEX OF ECONOMIC ACTIVITY

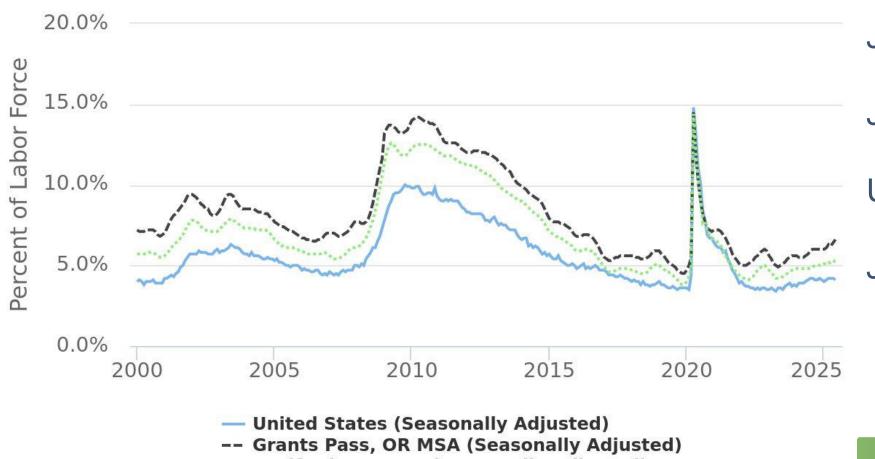


The U.S. Census Bureau Index of **Economic Activity** (IDEA) is an aggregation of 15 of the Census Bureau's primary economic data series that provides a single time series constructed as a weighted average.



Unemployment rates are rising slightly over the year in the Rogue Valley-

Unemployment Rate



Jackson = 5.3%

Josephine = 6.6%

U.S.=4.1%

June 2025

.... Medford, OR MSA (Seasonally Adjusted)



KEY FACTS FROM RECENT NEWS RELEASE

Oregon's unemployment rate was 4.9% in June.

- That was 1.3 percentage points higher than the recent low of 3.6% in spring 2023.
- That was also higher than the U.S. unemployment rate of 4.1% in June.

Oregon nonfarm payroll employment declined by 4,300 jobs in June.

- June's losses were largest in other services (-1,400 jobs); manufacturing (-1,200); and leisure and hospitality (-1,000 jobs).
- Health care and social assistance added 900 jobs.

Employers added 8,700 nonfarm payroll jobs over the past year, a gain of 0.4%.

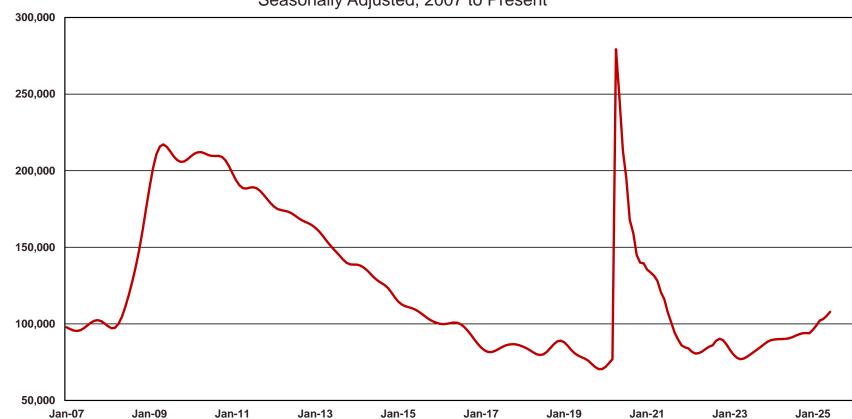
- Job gains were strongest in health care and social assistance (+15,800 jobs, or 5.3%).
- Meanwhile, manufacturing lost 7,700 jobs over the year, construction dropped 5,200 jobs, and financial activities declined by 2,900 jobs.



THE NUMBER OF UNEMPLOYED OREGONIANS INCREASED BY 2,600 IN JUNE.

Unemployed Persons, Oregon Statewide

Seasonally Adjusted, 2007 to Present



Source: Oregon Employment Department, Local Area Unemployment Statistics

Seasonally Adjusted Unemployment:

Pre-COVID Low

Nov 2019: 70,500

Highest

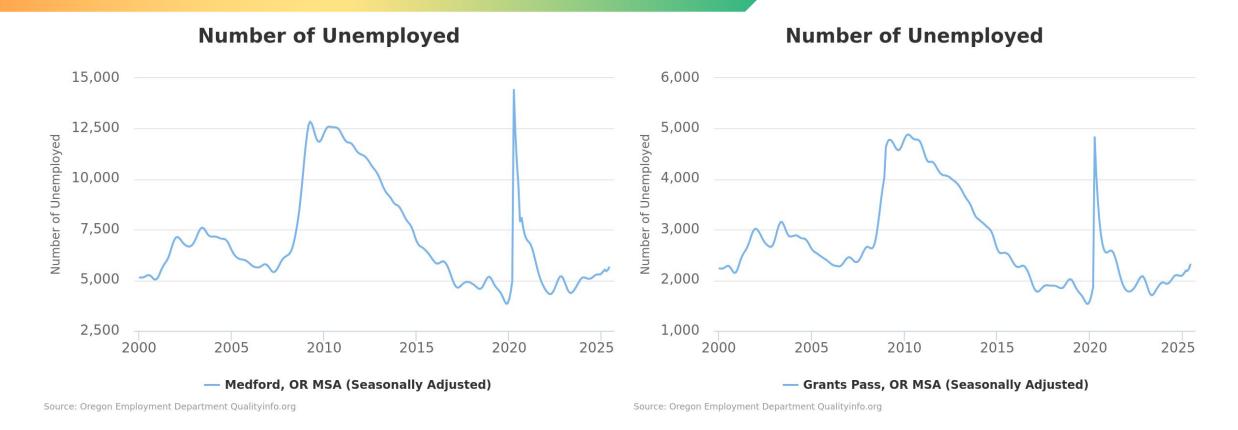
April 2020: 279,300

Current

June 2025: 107,800



ROGUE VALLEY SEEN RISING NUMBER OF UNEMPLOYED

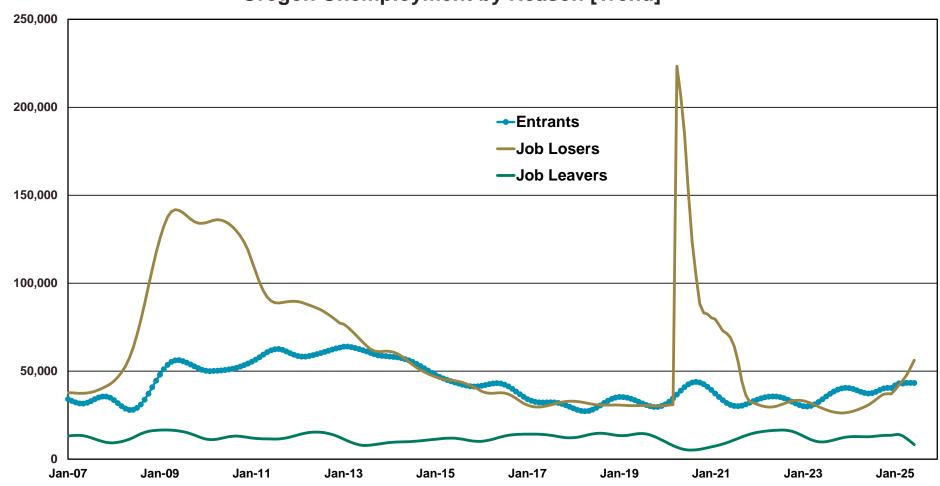


Jackson County 5,666 Unemployed in June 2025- up from 5,093 one year earlier Josephine County 2,327 unemployed in June- up from 2,023 in June 2024



WHY ARE OREGONIANS UNEMPLOYED?

Oregon Unemployment by Reason [Trend]



New or returning to the workforce 43,300 (40%)

Lost job 56,200 (52%)

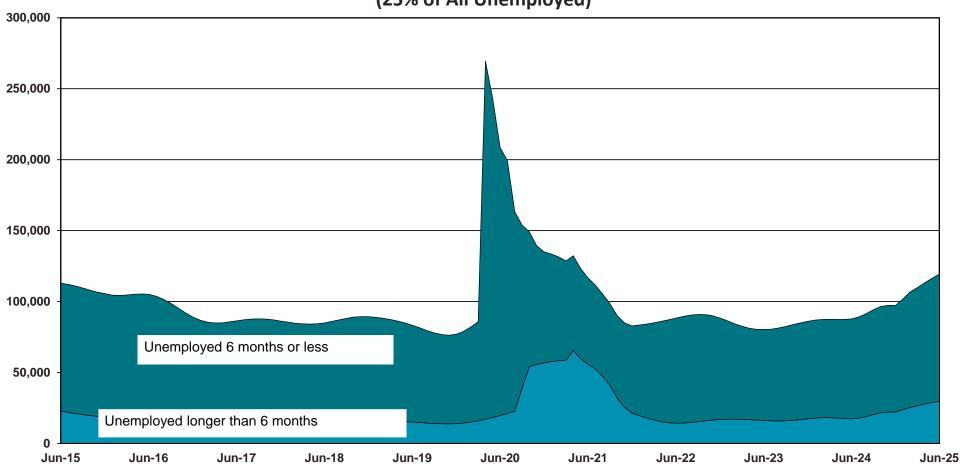
Left job voluntarily 8,300 (8%)

Source: Oregon Employment Department, Current Population Survey



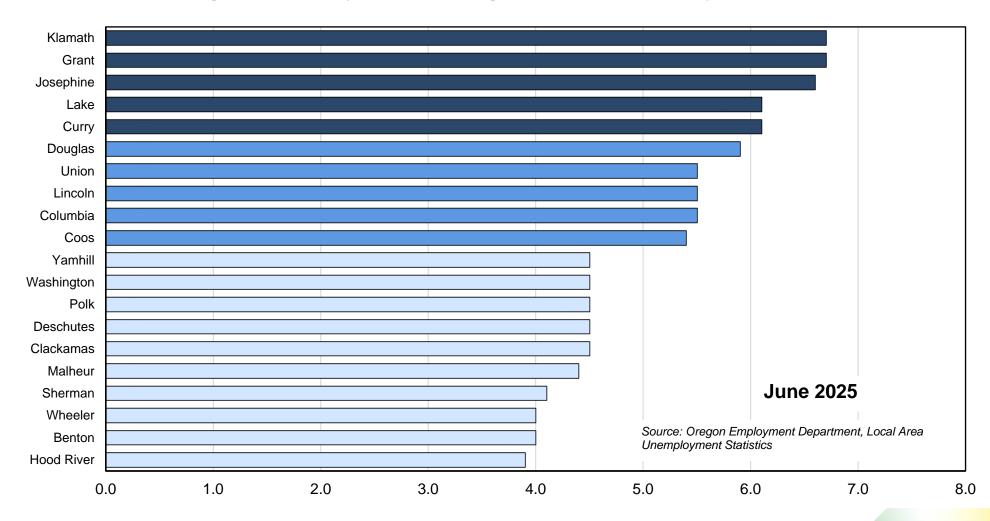
ONE OUT OF FOUR UNEMPLOYED OREGONIANS HAVE BEEN OUT OF WORK FOR AT LEAST SIX MONTHS.





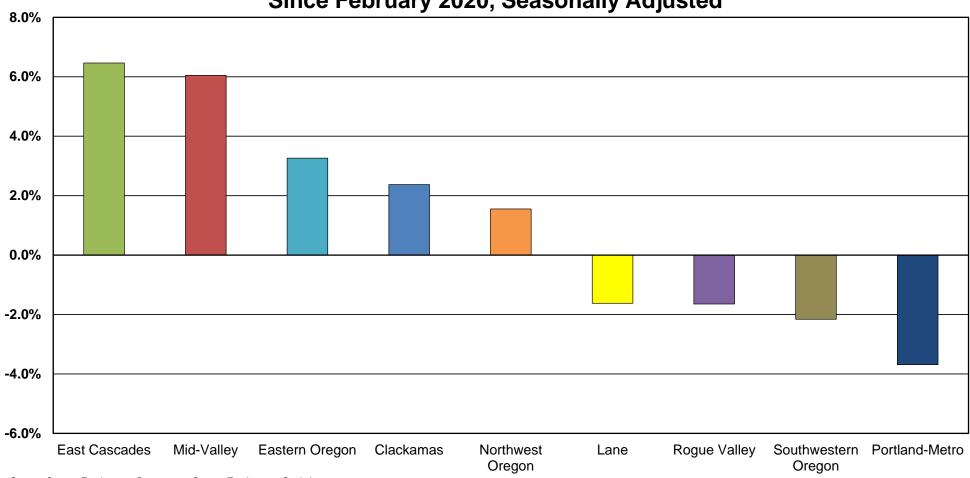
Source: Oregon Employment Department, Local Area Unemployment Statistics

Oregon Unemployment: Ten Highest / Lowest County Rates



FIVE OF NINE WORKFORCE AREAS HAVE MORE JOBS NOW THAN IN FEBRUARY 2020.

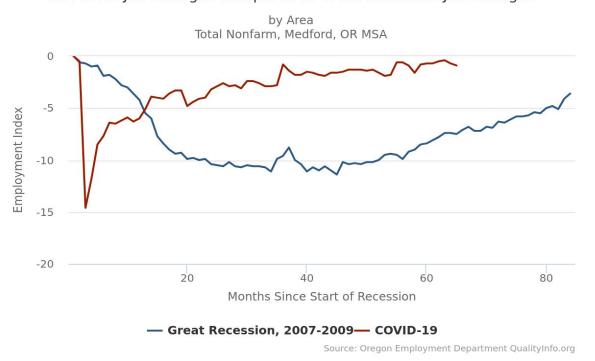
Job Change Rates by Local Workforce Area as of June 2025 Since February 2020, Seasonally Adjusted



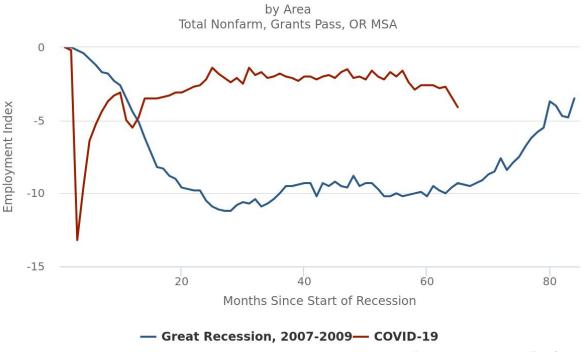
Source: Oregon Employment Department, Current Employment Statistics

Most jobs back that were lost during the pandemic in the Rogue Valley- still a bit below February 2020 – seasonally adjusted





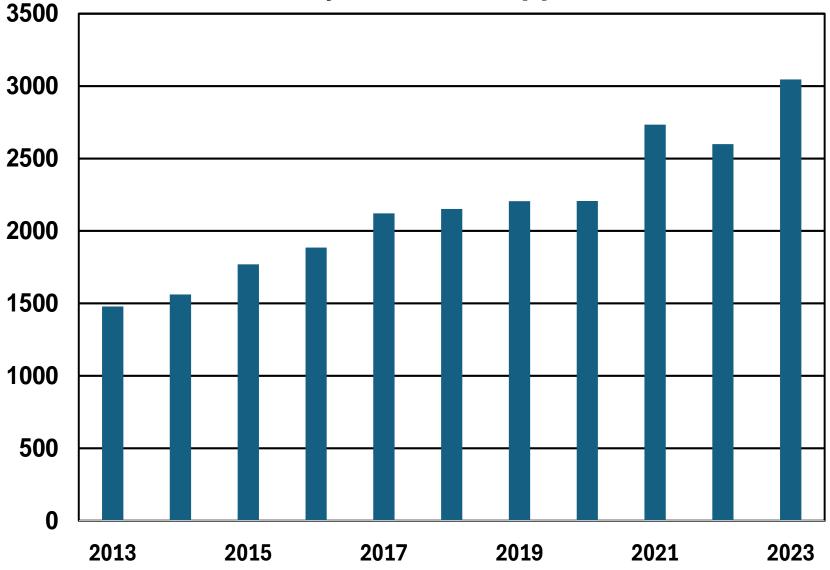
COVID-19 Job Changes Compared to Great Recession Job Changes



Source: Oregon Employment Department QualityInfo.org

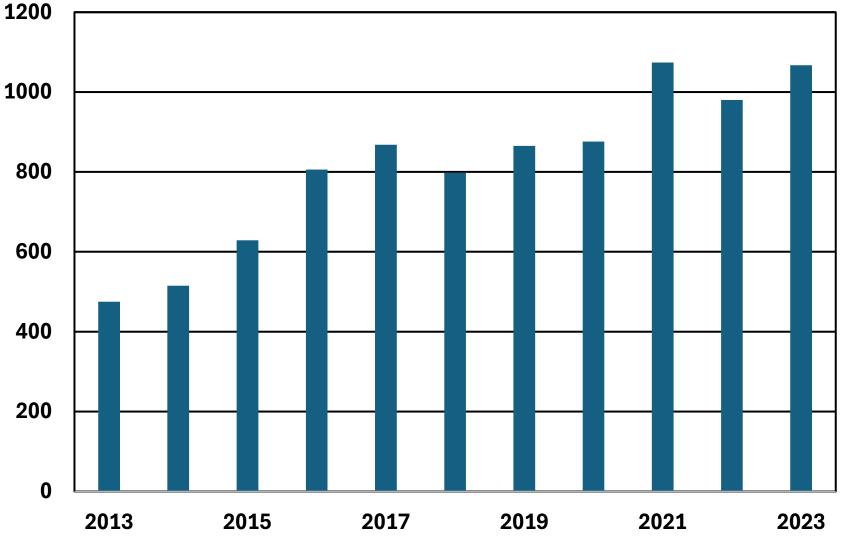
Jackson County down -0.9%, Josephine down -4.1 % (seasonally adjusted)

Jackson County Business Applications



Jackson County Business Applications up 17.2% from 2022-2023

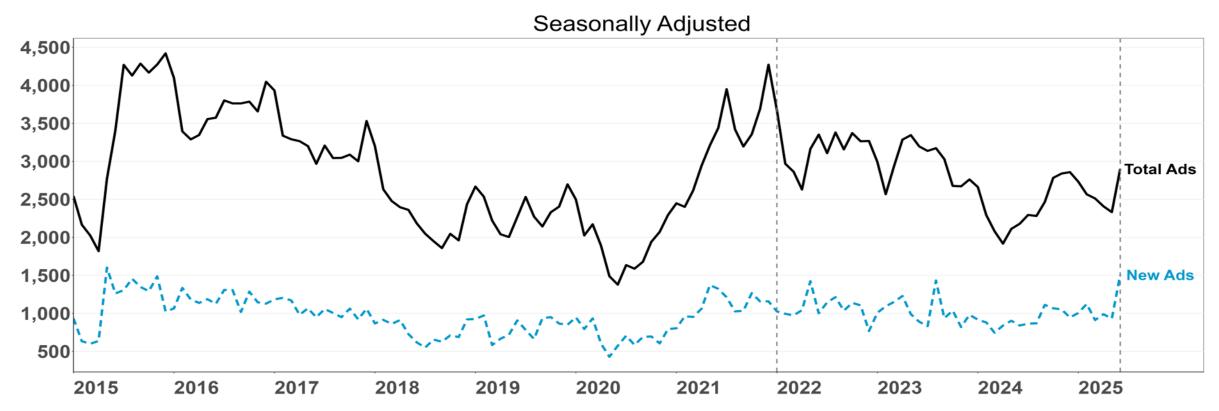
Josephine County Business Applications



Josephine
County
Business
Applications
rose 8.9%
2022 to 2023

Source: Oregon Employment Department and U.S. Census Bureau Business Formation Statistics

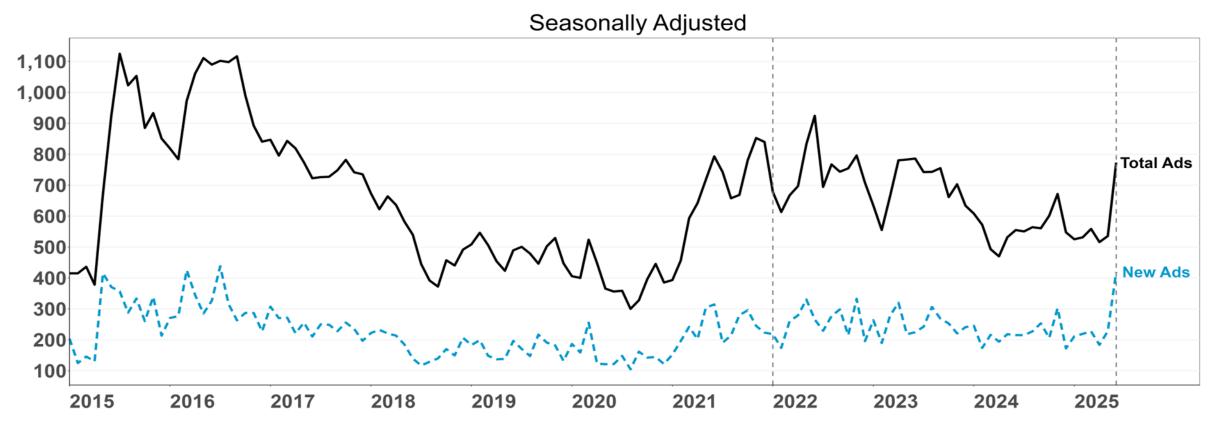
The number of online ads in the Medford metro area was 2,900 in June. The number of new ads increased by 580 over the month.



Source: The Conference Board Help Wanted OnLine® (HWOL)

Note: Dotted lines indicate methodological changes occurring in January 2022 and June 2025

The number of online ads in the Grants Pass metro area was 770 in June. The number of new ads increased by 190 over the month.



Source: The Conference Board Help Wanted OnLine® (HWOL)

Note: Dotted lines indicate methodological changes occurring in January 2022 and June 2025

JOB VACANCIES HAVE DECREASED SINCE 2023 IN ALL AREAS OF THE STATE.

Oregon Job Vacancies by Geography, 2019-2024

| | | | | | | | Change |
|--------------------------------------|--------|--------|--------|---------|--------|--------|-----------|
| Geography | 2019 | 2020 | 2021 | 2022 | 2023 | 2024 | from 2023 |
| Oregon Statewide | 57,241 | 44,408 | 96,887 | 103,977 | 72,815 | 57,767 | -21% |
| Portland Metro | 21,218 | 13,429 | 28,014 | 30,991 | 21,685 | 16,941 | -22% |
| Mid-Valley | 7,091 | 6,995 | 12,681 | 15,083 | 9,190 | 8,382 | -9% |
| East Cascades | 5,673 | 4,402 | 10,771 | 10,697 | 9,024 | 5,941 | -34% |
| Clackamas | 5,795 | 3,921 | 10,088 | 11,934 | 7,481 | 6,695 | -11% |
| Lane | 5,414 | 4,029 | 8,857 | 10,003 | 7,704 | 6,396 | -17% |
| Rogue Valley | 4,134 | 3,749 | 8,752 | 8,934 | 5,214 | 3,763 | -28% |
| Northwest Oregon | 3,357 | 2,255 | 7,311 | 6,624 | 4,684 | 3,346 | -29% |
| Southwestern Oregon | 1,745 | 2,195 | 4,801 | 4,298 | 3,301 | 2,476 | -25% |
| Eastern Oregon | 2,147 | 2,527 | 4,199 | 4,399 | 3,035 | 2,583 | -15% |
| Multi-area or unknown | 667 | 906 | 1,413 | 1,014 | 1,497 | 1,244 | -17% |
| Course: Oregon Employment Department | | | | | | | |

Source: Oregon Employment Department

Change

Rogue Valley Job Vacancies by Industry, 2024

| | | Average |
|--|------------------|---------|
| Industry | Vacancies | Wage |
| All Industries | 3,763 | \$23.82 |
| Health care and social assistance | 1,568 | \$27.95 |
| Manufacturing | 366 | \$26.44 |
| Leisure and hospitality | 340 | \$15.79 |
| Management, administrative, and waste services | 308 | \$21.67 |
| Transportation, warehousing, and utilities | 275 | \$21.59 |
| Retail trade | 204 | \$18.49 |
| Financial activities | 184 | \$20.04 |
| Professional, scientific, and technical services | 134 | \$32.42 |
| Other services | 127 | \$14.56 |
| Construction | 75 | \$26.67 |
| Information | 75 | \$20.51 |
| Natural resources and mining | 45 | \$32.00 |
| Wholesale trade | 34 | n/a |
| Private educational services | 28 | n/a |
| Saveras Oranan Employment Danartment | | |

Source: Oregon Employment Department



Oregon Private Job Vacancies by Geography, Spring 2025

| Geography | Vacancies |
|--|-----------|
| Oregon Statewide | 51,048 |
| Portland Metro | 19,219 |
| Mid-Valley | 5,728 |
| Clackamas | 4,862 |
| East Cascades | 4,667 |
| Lane | 3,592 |
| Northwest Oregon | 3,484 |
| Rogue Valley | 3,265 |
| Southwestern Oregon | 2,868 |
| Eastern Oregon | 2,408 |
| Multi-area or unknown regions excluded | |

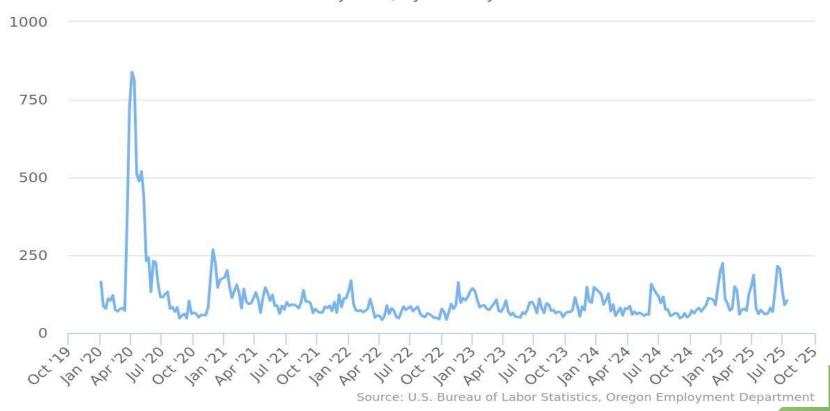
Source: Oregon Employment Department



New initial claims for unemployment insurance rising a bit in Josephine County.

Oregon's Initial Claims for Unemployment Insurance, Weekly

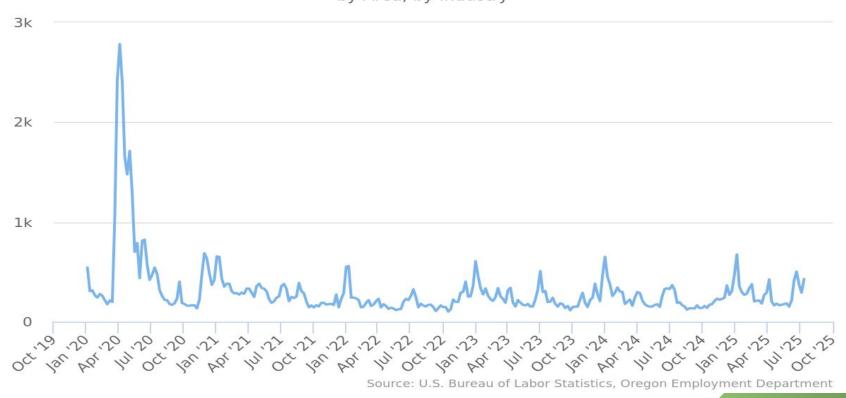
Josephine County, Total, All Industries by Area, by Industry



New initial claims for unemployment insurance have returned to remain low in Jackson County

Oregon's Initial Claims for Unemployment Insurance, Weekly

Jackson County, Total, All Industries by Area, by Industry



MOST JACKSON COUNTY INDUSTRIES LITTLE CHANGED OR LOSING JOBS

| | | | | Change From | | |
|--|--------------|-------------|--------------|-------------|--------------|--|
| | June 2025 | May 2025 | June 2024 | May 2025 | June 2024 | |
| Nonfarm Payroll Employment | | | | | | |
| Total nonfarm employment | 90,380 | 90,690 | 90,020 | -310 | 360 | |
| Total private | 78,360 | 78,590 | 77,890 | -230 | 470 | |
| Mining, logging, and construction | 5,840 | 5,800 | 5,980 | 40 | -140 | |
| Mining and logging | 460 | 450 | 490 | 10 | -30 | |
| Construction | 5,380 | 5,350 | 5,490 | 30 | -110 | |
| Manufacturing | 6,700 | 6,680 | 6,840 | 20 | -140 | |
| Trade, transportation, and utilities | 19,020 | 18,920 | 18,930 | 100 | 90 | |
| Wholesale trade | 2,520 | 2,490 | 2,590 | 30 | -70 | |
| Retail trade | 13,100 | 13,010 | 12,940 | 90 | 160 | |
| Transportation, warehousing, and utilities | 3,400 | 3,420 | 3,400 | -20 | 0 | |
| Information | 890 | 880 | 920 | 10 | -30 | |
| Financial activities | 3,640 | 3,660 | 3,660 | -20 | -20 | |
| Professional and business services | 8,300 | 8,390 | 8,200 | -90 | 100 | |
| Private education and health services | 19,980 | 20,440 | 19,570 | -460 | 410 | |
| Health care and social assistance | 19,530 | 19,700 | 18,510 | -170 | 1,020 | |
| Leisure and hospitality | 11,310 | 11,090 | 11,110 | 220 | 200 | |
| Accommodation and food services | 9,520 | 9,390 | 9,390 | 130 | 130 | |
| Other services | 2,680 | 2,730 | 2,680 | -50 | 0 | |
| Government | 12,020 | 12,100 | 12,130 | -80 | -110 | |
| Federal government | 1,940 | 1,930 | 1,980 | 10 | -40 | |
| State government | 1,360 | 1,340 | 1,250 | 20 | 110 | |
| State education | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Local government | 8,720 | 8,830 | 8,900 | -110 | -180 | |
| Local education | 5,440 | 5,540 | 5,620 | -100 | -180 | |

MOST JOSEPHINE COUNTY PRIVATE SECTOR INDUSTRIES DOWN OVER THE YEAR

| | | | | Change From | | |
|---|--------------|-------------|--------------|-------------|--------------|--|
| | June 2025 | May 2025 | June 2024 | May 2025 | June 2024 | |
| Nonfarm Payroll Employment | | | | | | |
| Total nonfarm employment | 26,860 | 26,960 | 27,640 | -100 | -780 | |
| Total private | 23,250 | 23,330 | 23,980 | -80 | -730 | |
| Mining, logging, and construction | 1,220 | 1,210 | 1,280 | 10 | -60 | |
| Mining and logging | 100 | 100 | 90 | 0 | 10 | |
| Construction | 1,120 | 1,110 | 1,190 | 10 | -70 | |
| Manufacturing | 2,810 | 2,800 | 2,810 | 10 | 0 | |
| Wood product manufacturing | 540 | 550 | 480 | -10 | 60 | |
| Trade, transportation, and utilities | 5,090 | 5,090 | 5,290 | 0 | -200 | |
| Wholesale trade | 570 | 560 | 600 | 10 | -30 | |
| Retail trade | 4,000 | 4,010 | 4,130 | -10 | -130 | |
| Transportation, warehousing, and utilities | 520 | 520 | 560 | 0 | -40 | |
| Information | 260 | 250 | 250 | 10 | 10 | |
| Financial activities | 1,510 | 1,510 | 1,640 | 0 | -130 | |
| Professional and business services | 1,810 | 1,830 | 1,810 | -20 | 0 | |
| Private education and health services | 6,120 | 6,260 | 6,280 | -140 | -160 | |
| Leisure and hospitality | 3,450 | 3,380 | 3,630 | 70 | -180 | |
| Other services | 980 | 1,000 | 990 | -20 | -10 | |
| Government | 3,610 | 3,630 | 3,660 | -20 | -50 | |
| Federal government | 300 | 300 | 330 | 0 | -30 | |
| State government | 530 | 520 | 460 | 10 | 70 | |
| Local government | 2,780 | 2,810 | 2,870 | -30 | -90 | |
| Local education | 1,920 | 1,970 | 1,960 | -50 | -40 | |
| Local government excluding educational services | 860 | 840 | 910 | 20 | -50 | |

EMPLOYMENT AND WAGES (WESTERN U.S.)

- Employment levels were slightly lower on net over the reporting period.
- Employers across many industries and geographies reported instituting a hiring freeze and using attrition to reduce headcounts.
- Critical positions, however, were still being filled, and firms generally reported no problems hiring in recent weeks except for very specialized roles.
- A few contacts in the manufacturing and entertainment sectors reported layoffs due to lower demand. Nonetheless, employment growth in retail and food services remained solid, supported by summer seasonal factors.
- Contacts in the service and manufacturing sectors noted additional investment in automation and Al, reducing their demand for workers on net.
- Employee turnover continued to decline.
- Wages continued to grow at a slight pace. Firms generally described demand and supply for labor being in better balance, increasing employers' bargaining power.

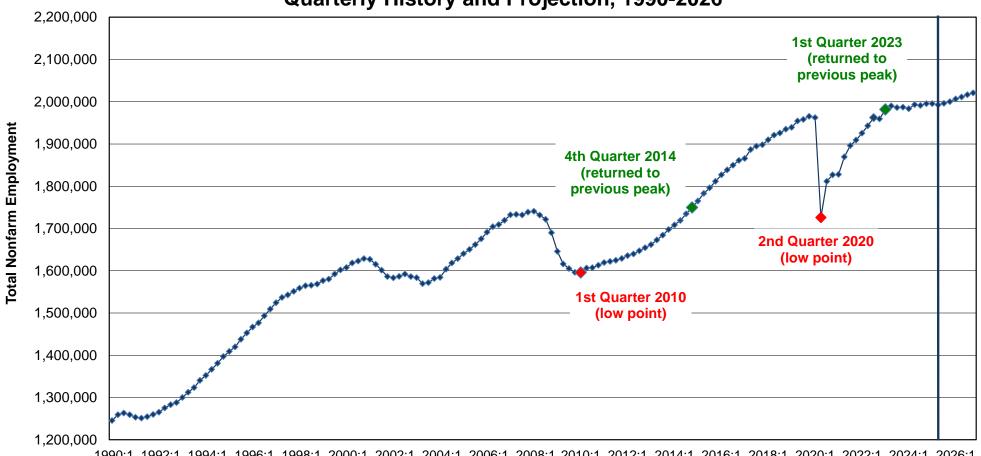
ECONOMIC ACTIVITY (OREGON AND REGION)

- Economic activity in the Twelfth District (Alaska, Arizona, California, Hawaii, Idaho, Nevada, Oregon, Utah, and Washington) was somewhat subdued but largely stable during the mid-May to June reporting period.
- Employment levels were slightly lower on net with more firms under a hiring freeze and using attrition and layoffs to reduce headcount.
- Wages continued to grow at a slight pace, and prices rose modestly.
- Retail sales expanded modestly, and activity in consumer and business services eased.
- Activity in manufacturing and the residential real estate market weakened somewhat.
- Conditions in agriculture, commercial real estate, and the financial sector were largely unchanged and deteriorated further in the nonprofit sector.
- Looking ahead, contacts reported making contingency plans in response to economic uncertainty and an expected pickup in inflation.



THE OFFICE OF ECONOMIC ANALYSIS FORECASTS OREGON WILL GAIN 18,800 JOBS OVER THE NEXT YEAR.

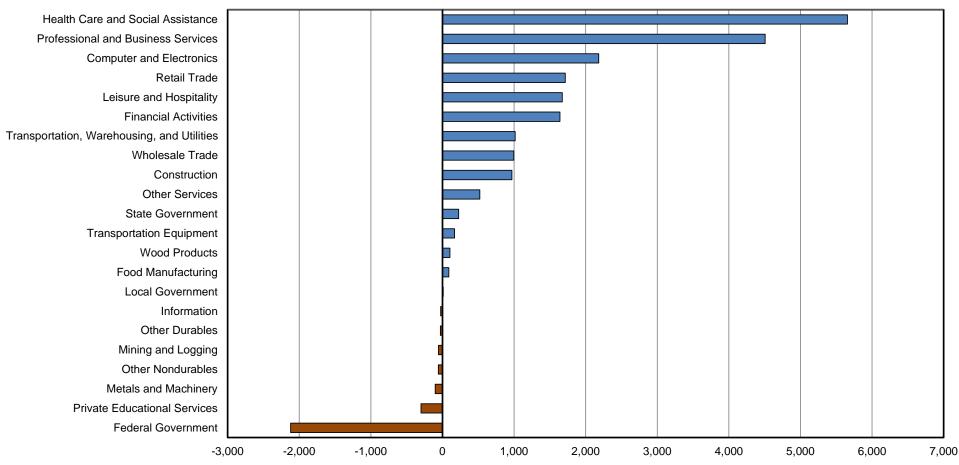
Oregon Nonfarm Payroll Employment Quarterly History and Projection, 1990-2026



1990:1 1992:1 1994:1 1996:1 1998:1 2000:1 2002:1 2004:1 2006:1 2008:1 2010:1 2012:1 2014:1 2016:1 2018:1 2020:1 2022:1 2024:1 2026:1 Source: Office of Economic Analysis, Department of Administrative Services, May 2025

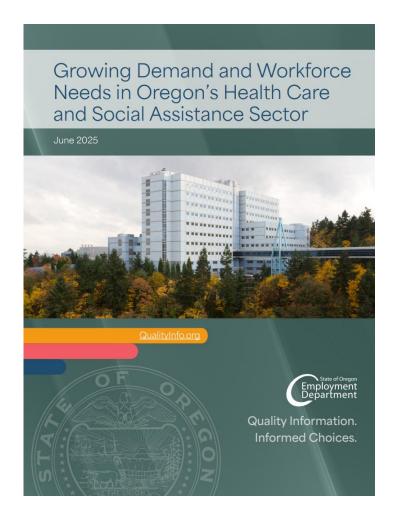
OEA EXPECTS OREGON TO GAIN ABOUT 18,800 JOBS IN THE NEXT 12 MONTHS.

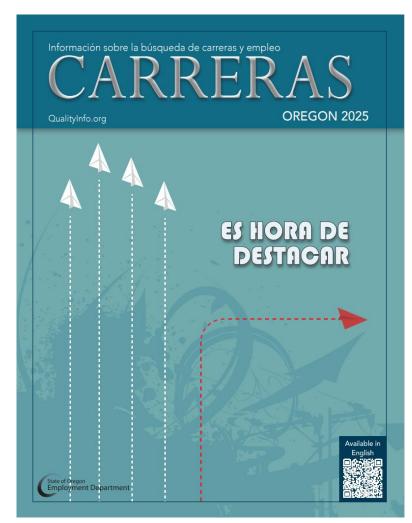
Expected Job Changes by Industry Sector Over The Year (2Q2025 - 2Q2026)

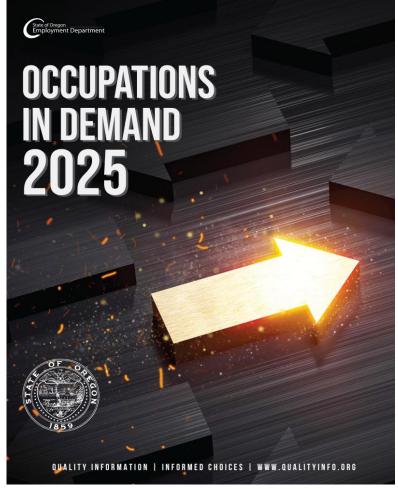


Source: Oregon Employment Department analysis using Oregon Office of Economic Analysis Forecast, May 2025

MORE RESOURCES: QUALITYINFO.ORG









Thank You!

Please scan the QR code for a short survey.



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